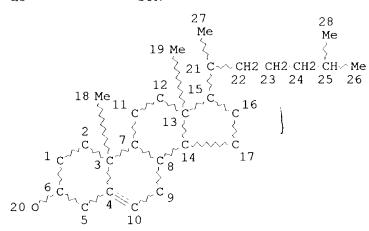
=> d que

STR



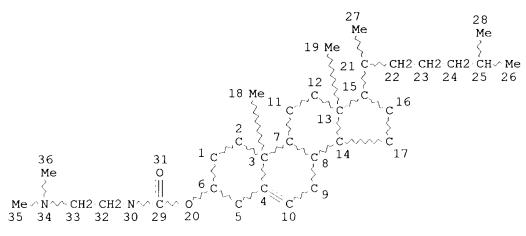
NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 28

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

8810 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3 L5STR

 18



NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 36

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

12 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L8 1.9

746 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND PMS/CI T.10

STR L11

CH2-CH2-N 1 2 3

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 3

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

121 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L10 SSS FUL L11 L12

8 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 AND PM/PCT L13

225 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 L142 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13

L15 2139 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "IMMUNIZATION (L) VACCINATION" L16

+OLD/CT

31952 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON VACCINES+NT/CT L17

L20 28 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L14 OR L15) AND (L16 OR L17

OR VACCIN?)

L25 21 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 AND (ADJUVANT OR MAMMAL?

> OR HUMOR? OR CYTOTOXIX T OR TH1? OR INFLUENZA OR FLU OR HAEMAGGLUTIN? OR HEMAGGLUT? OR HEMAGLUT? OR SUBCUT? OR MUCOS?

OR INTRANAS?)

28 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 OR L25 L27

=> d ibib abs hitind hitstr 127 1-28

L27 ANSWER 1 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:736708 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:246541

TITLE:

Subunit respiratory syncytial virus preparation

INVENTOR(S):

Cates, George A.; Sanhueza, Sonia E.; Oomen, Raymond

P.; Klein, Michel H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Can.

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

6,309,649.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	NT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20	002136739	A1	20020926	US 2001-950655	20010913
US 60	020182	Α	20000201	US 1996-679060	19960712
WO 98	802457	A 1	19980122	WO 1997-CA497	19970711
T.	W. AL. AM.	HA TA	. AZ. BA. BB.	BG. BR. BY. CA. CH	. CN. CU. CZ

AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL,

```
PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,
             GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 6309649
                                           US 1999-214605
                                                            19990503
                       В1
                            20011030
                                        US 1996-679060 A2 19960712
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        WO 1997-CA497
                                                         A2 19970711
                                                        A2 19990503
                                        US 1999-214605
     The fusion (F) protein, attachment (G) protein, and matrix (M) protein of
AΒ
     respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) are isolated and purified from
     respiratory syncytial virus by mild detergent extn. of the proteins from
     concd. virus, loading the protein onto a hydroxyapatite or other
     ion-exchange matrix column, and eluting the protein using mild salt
     treatment. The F, G, and M proteins, formulated as immunogenic compns.,
     are safe and highly immunogenic and protect relevant animal models against
     desease caused by respiratory syncytial virus infection. An example is
     provided illustrating the immunogenicity of the RSV subunit prepn. in
     cotton rats. Cotton rats were immunized with the RSV subunit prepns.
     formulated either with Alum or ISCOM (Iscomatrix). Blood samples were
     obtained and analyzed for anti-fusion and neutralizing antibodies after
     the appropriate procedures. In addn. to strong anti-fusion and
     neutralizing antibodies induction, complete protection against the RSV
     infection was obtained (except in 1 rat), in both the upper and lower
     respiratory tracts.
IC
    ICM A61K039-12
         A61K039-155; C12N007-00; C12N007-01; C12P021-08; C07K001-00;
          G01N033-561; C07K016-00; C12Q001-70
NCL
    424211100
    15-2 (Immunochemistry)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 16, 63
ST
     subunit vaccine respiratory syncytial virus
     Immunostimulants
IΤ
        (adjuvants, ISCOMs; subunit respiratory syncytial virus
       prepn.)
ΙT
     Immunostimulants
        (adjuvants; subunit respiratory syncytial virus prepn.)
IT
    Anion exchange chromatography
    B cell (lymphocyte)
    Detergents
    Disease models
    Human
    Human parainfluenza virus
    Human parainfluenza virus 1
    Human parainfluenza virus 2
    Human parainfluenza virus 3
    Hybridoma
    Immunomodulators
    Ion exchange chromatography
    Ion exchange chromatography
    Mouse
    Primates
    Respiratory syncytial virus
    Sigmodon hispidus hispidus
    Test kits
        (subunit respiratory syncytial virus prepn.)
```

1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, biological studies 3700-67-2 7784-30-7, Aluminum phosphate 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 20427-58-1, Zinc 21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide, biological studies 53678-77-6, Muramyl dipeptide 66594-14-7, Quil A 137056-72-5, 141256-04-4, QS21 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(subunit respiratory syncytial virus prepn.)

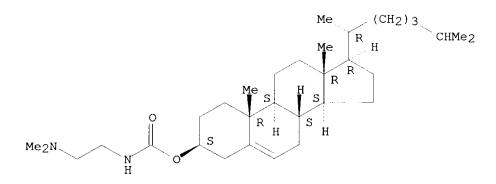
IT 137056-72-5, DC-chol

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (subunit respiratory syncytial virus prepn.)

137056-72-5 HCAPLUS RN

Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA CNINDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 2 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:594655 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:159311

TITLE:

Polymer combinations that result in stabilized

aerosols for gene delivery to the lungs

INVENTOR(S):

Zou, Yiyu; Perez-Soler, Roman

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 136 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	NO.		KI	ND :	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	Ο.	DATE			
								-								
WO 2002	0604	12	A.	2 :	2002	8080		M	0 20	02-U	S290	9	2002	0201		
₩:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PH,
	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,
	ТJ,	TM														
RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,
	CY.	DE.	DK.	ES.	FI.	FR.	GB.	GR,	IE,	IT.	LU,	MC,	NL.	PT,	SE,	TR,

BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
US 2002187105 A1 20021212 US 2002-61444 20020201
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-266174P P 20010201

AB The use of non-viral delivery of therapeutically effective compns. through aerosols for therapy or research purpose has been limited by low efficiency mainly caused by an inefficient delivery system and destruction of formulation (gene and/or delivery system) by aerosol shearing power. This invention develops formulations that are established polymer combination formulations. The formulations are highly efficient in delivering genes in vivo through aerosols and are able to protect the delivered gene from the destruction by aerosol shearing power.

IC ICM A61K009-12

CC 63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 15

IT Antiasthmatics

Antibiotics

Antitumor agents

Asthma

Chemotherapy

Cystic fibrosis

Emphysema

Gene therapy

Genetic vectors

Lung

Lung, neoplasm

Particle size distribution

Pneumonia

Stabilizing agents

Trachea (anatomical)

Transformation, genetic

Tuberculosis

Tuberculostatics

Vaccines

(polymer combinations that result in stabilized aerosols for gene delivery to the lungs)

IT 25104-18-1, Polylysine 38000-06-5, Polylysine 104162-48-3, Dotma
 137056-72-5, Dc-chol 153312-64-2, Dmrie 153985-22-9, DORIE
 165673-46-1 173738-32-4 216165-62-7 282533-23-7, DOSPA
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(polymer combinations that result in stabilized aerosols for gene delivery to the lungs)

IT 137056-72-5, Dc-chol

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(polymer combinations that result in stabilized aerosols for gene delivery to the lungs)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 CHMe2 R H S H S H

L27 ANSWER 3 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:350501 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:126870

TITLE:

In vivo immune responses induced by CpG

oligonucleotides encapsulated in sterically stabilized

cationic liposomes

AUTHOR(S):

Gursel, I.; Gursel, M.; Klinman, D. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Division of Viral Products, Center for Biologics and Evaluation Research, Food and Drug Administration,

Bethesda, MD, 20892, USA

SOURCE:

Proceedings - 28th International Symposium on Controlled Release of Bioactive Materials and 4th Consumer & Diversified Products Conference, San Diego, CA, United States, June 23-27, 2001 (2001), Volume 2, 1057-1058. Controlled Release Society: Minneapolis,

Minn.

CODEN: 69CNY8

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference

LANGUAGE:

English

- AB CpG oligonucleotides encapsulated in stabilized cationic liposomes were produced. When administered in vivo, these agents induced a strong Th-1 biased immune response against a co-administered protein antigen. In the absence of antigen, these agents induced a strong innate immune response that protected the host from lethal pathogen challenge.
- CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
- IT Immunostimulants

(adjuvants; in vivo immune responses induced by CpG oligonucleotides encapsulated in sterically stabilized cationic liposomes)

IT Immunity

Vaccines

(in vivo immune responses induced by CpG oligonucleotides encapsulated in sterically stabilized cationic liposomes)

IT 57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies 2462-63-7, Dope

137056-72-5 182280-69-9, PEG-PE

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in vivo immune responses induced by CpG oligonucleotides encapsulated in sterically stabilized cationic liposomes)

IT 137056-72-5

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(in vivo immune responses induced by CpG oligonucleotides encapsulated in sterically stabilized cationic liposomes)

137056-72-5 HCAPLUS RN

Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 4 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:275825 HCAPLUS 136:299680

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Vaccine composition comprising an antigen, a

cationic lipid and an immunostimulatory

oligonucleotide

CODEN: PIXXD2

INVENTOR(S):

Haensler, Jean; Hurpin, Christian Marcel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Aventis Pasteur, Fr.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	rent	NO.		KI	D	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	и ис	0.	DATE			
WO	2002	0284	28	A:	2	2002	0411		W	20	01-F	R309	8	2001	1008		
	W:	AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
	LS, L				LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	PH,	PL,
	PT, R				SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,
	US, U				YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM	
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		DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG	
FR	2814	958		A	1	2002	0412		F	R 20	00-1	2808		2000	1006		
AU	2001	73	A.	5	2002	0415		Al	J 20	01-9	5673		2001	1008			
PRIORITY	RIORITY APPLN. INF								FR 2	-00C	1280	8	Α	2000	1006		
								1	WO 2	001-	FR30	98	W	2001	1008		

The invention concerns a vaccine compn. comprising at least an AB antigen, a cationic lipid and an immunostimulatory oligonucleotide. vaccine compn. is particularly designed to induce an immune

response of the **Th1** type and a cytotoxic T response when administered by parenteral delivery, and to induce a Th2 type immune response when delivered through the mucous system. Said compn. is of particular interest when the cationic lipid is DC chol. A 0.2 mL **vaccine** contained monovalent **influenza** virus corresponding to 5 .mu.g of HA, 200 .mu.g, D Chol suspension (prepn. given) 200.mu.g, and oligonucleotide 3Db(S) 50 .mu.g. The amt. of IgG2a antibody produced after injection of **vaccines** to guinea pigs was higher that the amt. after injection of the **vaccines** contg. either **adjuvant**.

- IC ICM A61K039-21
- CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)
- ST vaccine antigen cationic lipid immunostimulant oligonucleotide
- IT Immunoglobulins
 - RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (A; vaccine compn. comprising antigen, cationic lipid and immunostimulatory oligonucleotide)
- IT Immunoglobulins
 - RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (G1; vaccine compn. comprising antigen, cationic lipid and immunostimulatory oligonucleotide)
- IT Immunoglobulins
 - RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (G2a; vaccine compn. comprising antigen, cationic lipid and immunostimulatory oligonucleotide)
- IT Vaccines
 - (influenza; vaccine compn. comprising antigen, cationic lipid and immunostimulatory oligonucleotide)
- IT Vaccines
 - (parenteral; vaccine compn. comprising antigen, cationic lipid and immunostimulatory oligonucleotide)
- IT Immunostimulants
 - Influenza virus

Mucous membrane

(vaccine compn. comprising antigen, cationic lipid and immunostimulatory oligonucleotide)

- IT Antigens
 - Lipids, biological studies
 - Oligonucleotides
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (vaccine compn. comprising antigen, cationic lipid and immunostimulatory oligonucleotide)
- IT 137056-72-5, DC chol. 166023-21-8 408375-63-3
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (vaccine compn. comprising antigen, cationic lipid and immunostimulatory oligonucleotide)
- IT 137056-72-5, DC chol. 166023-21-8
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (vaccine compn. comprising antigen, cationic lipid and immunostimulatory oligonucleotide)
- RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS
- CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 166023-21-8 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 CHMe2 R H S H S H

● HCl

L27 ANSWER 5 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:275824 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:299679

TITLE:

Pharmaceutical composition for immunization against

AIDS

INVENTOR(S):

Haensler, Jean; Dalencon, Francois

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Aventis Pasteur, Fr.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

. 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2002028427

A2 20020411

WO 2001-FR3096

20011008

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,

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CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
             US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                            20020412
                                           FR 2000-12808
                                                             20001006
     FR 2814958
                       Α1
    AU 2001095671
                       Α5
                            20020415
                                           AU 2001-95671
                                                             20011008
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        FR 2000-12808
                                                         A 20001006
                                        WO 2001-FR3096
                                                         W 20011008
```

AB The invention relates to the field of pharmaceutical compns. for use in immunization against HIV-related infections, and concerns a pharmaceutical compn. comprising at least a HIV antigen and DCchol. Such a compn. has proved to be particularly interesting for inducing through the mucous system IgG and IgA specific to the administered antigen. The inventive pharmaceutical compn., in a particular advantageous manner, can be in the form of liposome suspension, or emulsion. A pharmaceutical compn. for use against HIV-1 contained glycoprotein gp 160env 25, oligonucleotide 3DB(S) 50, and DCchol hydrochloride emulsion (prepn. given) 200 .mu.g. The compn. was administered rectally to guinea pigs and anti-gp 160env IgG was detd. There was a synergism between the oligonucleotide and DCchol as compared with the controls.

IC ICM A61K039-21

CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)

ST pharmaceutical vaccine immunization AIDS DCchol glycoprotein

IT Vaccines

(rectal; pharmaceutical compn. for immunization against AIDS)

IT 137056-72-5, DCchol. 166023-21-8

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmaceutical compn. for immunization against AIDS)

IT 137056-72-5, DCchol. 166023-21-8

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmaceutical compn. for immunization against AIDS)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

166023-21-8 HCAPLUS RN

Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate, CNmonohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 $(CHMe_2)_3$ $(CHMe_2)_4$ $(CH_2)_4$ $(C$

HC1

L27 ANSWER 6 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:71901 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:133603

TITLE:

Immunological combinations for prophylaxis and therapy

of Helicobacter pylori infection

INVENTOR(S):

Guy, Bruno; Haensler, Jean

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merieux Oravax, Fr. PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	0.	DATE			
	WO	2002	0058	45	A	1	2002	0124		W	o 20	01-E	P903	1	2001	0704		
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,
			HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,
			LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,
			RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,
			VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM			
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
			DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	ΝL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
			ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
PRIO	RITY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:					EP 2	000-	4201	48	Α	2000	0705		
AB	The	inv	enti	on r	elat	es t	o mu	ltiv	alen	t cor	mpns	. fo	r pr	even	ting	or	trea	ting
	Hel	icob	acte	r in	fect.	ions	. M	ulti	vale	nt H	elic	obac	ter	comp	onen	t co	mpns	•
																		onents,
															ease			
	pro	tein	s. l	Mult.	ival	ent	comp	ns.	usef	ul i	n the	erap	y in	clud	e in	par	ticu.	lar 76K

+ catalase + 525 protease, urease + 76K + catalase + 525 protease, AlpA + 76K + catalase + 525 protease, AlpA + 76K and AlpA + catalase.

IC ICM A61K039-106

ICS A61P031-04

CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 3, 63

ST Helicobacter pylori multiple antigen **vaccine**; AlpA catalase urease 525 protease 76K protein

IT Immunostimulants

(adjuvants; formulations contg. multiple antigenic components for prophylaxis and therapy of Helicobacter pylori infection)

IT Animal

Helicobacter

Helicobacter pylori

Human

Mammalia

Vaccines

(formulations contg. multiple antigenic components for prophylaxis and therapy of Helicobacter pylori infection)

IT T cell (lymphocyte)

(helper cell/inducer, **TH1**, immune response; formulations contg. multiple antigenic components for prophylaxis and therapy of Helicobacter pylori infection)

IT DNA

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(vaccine; formulations contg. multiple antigenic components for prophylaxis and therapy of Helicobacter pylori infection)

IT 9001-05-2, Catalase 9002-13-5, Urease 137056-72-5, DC-Chol

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(formulations contg. multiple antigenic components for prophylaxis and therapy of Helicobacter pylori infection)

IT 137056-72-5, DC-Chol

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (formulations contg. multiple antigenic components for prophylaxis and therapy of Helicobacter pylori infection)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L27 ANSWER 7 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2001:816486 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:356751 Immunizing against HIV infection TITLE: Rovinski, Benjamin; Tartaglia, James; Cao, Shi-Xian; INVENTOR(S): Persson, Roy; Klein, Michel H. Aventis Pasteur Limited, Can. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE ______ ______ WO 2001-CA577 20010425 WO 2001082962 A2 20011108 WO 2001082962 АЗ 20020321

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, MI, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A2 20030205 EP 2001-927532 20010425 EP 1280551 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

US 2002051770 A1 20020502 US 2001-842883 20010427 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2000-200011P P 20000427 WO 2001-CA577 W 20010425

A virus neutralizing level of antibodies to a primary HIV isolate is generated in a host by a prime-boost administration of antigents. primary antigen is a DNA mol. encoding an envelop glycoprotein of a primary isolate of HIV-1 while the boosting antigen is either a non-infectious, non-replicating HIV-like particle having the envelope glycoprotein of a primary isolate of HIV-1 or an attenuated viral vector expressing an envelope glycoprotein of a primary isolate of HIV-1.

- ICM A61K039-12 IC
- 15-2 (Immunochemistry) CC

Section cross-reference(s): 3

- STHIV1 envelope glycoprotein viral vector vaccine
- Immunostimulants IΤ

(adjuvants; viral vector encoding HIV-1 envelope glycoproteins for immunizing against HIV infection)

ΙT

(mammalian; viral vector encoding HIV-1 envelope glycoproteins for immunizing against HIV infection)

ΙT AIDS (disease)

DNA sequences

Human immunodeficiency virus

Human immunodeficiency virus 1

Molecular cloning

Plasmids

Protein sequences

Vaccines

(viral vector encoding HIV-1 envelope glycoproteins for immunizing against HIV infection)

Lucas 08/836,576

IT 137056-72-5, DC-chol 307555-09-5, RIBI

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(genetic promoter; viral vector encoding HIV-1 envelope glycoproteins for immunizing against HIV infection)

IT 137056-72-5, DC-chol

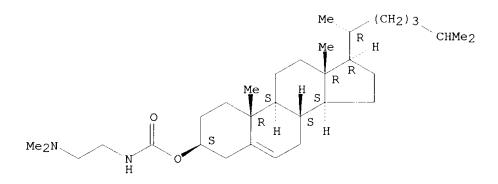
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(genetic promoter; viral vector encoding HIV-1 envelope glycoproteins for immunizing against HIV infection)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 8 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:792220 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:330483

TITLE:

Subunit respiratory syncytial virus vaccine

preparation

INVENTOR(S):

Cates, George A.; Sanhueza, Sonia E.; Oomen, Raymond

P.; Klein, Michel H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Aventis Pasteur Ltd., Can.

SOURCE:

U.S., 16 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,020,182.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

3

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6309649	B1	20011030	US 1999-214605	19990503
US 6020182	Α	20000201	US 1996-679060	19960712
WO 9802457	A1	19980122	WO 1997-CA497	19970711
W: AL, AM,	AT, AU	, AZ, BA, BB,	BG, BR, BY, CA, CH	, CN, CU, CZ, DE,

```
DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
             LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,
             GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2002136739
                            20020926
                                           US 2001-950655
                                                             20010913
                     A1
                                        US 1996-679060
                                                         A2 19960712
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        WO 1997-CA497
                                                         W 19970711
                                                         A2 19990503
                                        US 1999-214605
     The fusion (F) protein, attachment (G) protein and matrix (M) protein of
AΒ
     respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) are isolated and purified from
     respiratory syncytial virus by mild detergent extn. of the proteins from
     concd. virus, loading the protein onto a hydroxyapatite or other
     ion-exchange matrix column and eluting the protein using mild salt
     treatment. The F, G and M proteins, formulated as immunogenic compns.,
     are safe and highly immunogenic and protect relevant animal models against
     decreased caused by respiratory syncytial virus infection.
IC
     ICM A61K039-155
     ICS C12N007-02; C12N007-04; A23J001-00
NCL
     424211100
CC
     15-2 (Immunochemistry)
     vaccine respiratory syncytial virus fusion matrix attachment
ST
     protein
TΤ
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (F; subunit respiratory syncytial virus vaccine prepn.
        comprising fusion (F), attachment (G), and matrix (M) proteins)
ΙT
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (M (matrix); subunit respiratory syncytial virus vaccine
       prepn. comprising fusion (F), attachment (G), and matrix (M) proteins)
IT
     Immunostimulants
        (adjuvants, ISCOMs; as adjuvant in respiratory
        syncytial virus vaccine prepn.)
IΤ
     Immunostimulants
        (adjuvants; subunit respiratory syncytial virus
       vaccine prepn. comprising fusion (F), attachment (G), and
       matrix (M) proteins)
IT
     Human parainfluenza virus 1
     Human parainfluenza virus 2
     Human parainfluenza virus 3
        (as addnl. immunogen in respiratory syncytial virus vaccine
       prepn.)
IT
     Glycolipids
     Lipoproteins
     Polyphosphazenes
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (as adjuvant in respiratory syncytial virus vaccine
       prepn.)
```

IT Proteins, specific or class
RL: BAC (Biological activity

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(attachment; subunit respiratory syncytial virus vaccine

prepn. comprising fusion (F), attachment (G), and matrix (M) proteins)

IT Toxins

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(bacterial; as adjuvant in respiratory syncytial virus vaccine prepn.)

IT Antibodies

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

(neutralizing; subunit respiratory syncytial virus vaccine

prepn. comprising fusion (F), attachment (G), and matrix (M) proteins)

IT Amino acids, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(octadecyl esters; as adjuvant in respiratory syncytial virus vaccine prepn.)

IT Respiratory syncytial virus

Vaccines

(subunit respiratory syncytial virus vaccine prepn.

comprising fusion (F), attachment (G), and matrix (M) proteins)

IT 3700-67-2, Dimethyldioctadecylammonium bromide 7784-30-7, Aluminum phosphate 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 20427-58-1, Zinc hydroxide 21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide, biological studies 53678-77-6, Muramyl dipeptide 66594-14-7, Quil A 137056-72-5, DC-Chol 141256-04-4, QS 21

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(as **adjuvant** in respiratory syncytial virus **vaccine** prepn.)

IT 137056-72-5, DC-Chol

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(as **adjuvant** in respiratory syncytial virus **vaccine** prepn.)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

69 THERE ARE 69 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 9 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:791879 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:335117

TITLE:

Immunological adjuvants containing

Hemagglutinating virus-containing charged

liposomes, and manufacture thereof

INVENTOR(S):

Honda, Kazuo; Kaneda, Yasushi; Shiozaki, Koichi Chemo-Sero-Therapeutic Research Institute, Japan

APPLICATION NO. DATE

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

KIND DATE

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

	JP 2001302541	A2	20011031	JP 2000-128670	20000428
PRIC	DRITY APPLN. INFO.	. :		JP 2000-128670	20000428
AB				ol. adjuvant having	
	immunostimulatir	ng effe	ect for low-	immunogenic peptide,	wherein the
	adjuvant is a ch	narged	liposome co	nsisting of a Sendai	virus (
				HVJ virus) or its en	
				ent. A HIV-V3 peptid	
	liposome was pre	epd. fi	com dimethyl	aminoethane carbamyl	cholesterol,
	phosphatidyletha	nolami	ine, egg yol	k phosphatidylcholin	e, cholesterol,
	inactivated HVJ	virus,	and HIV-V3	peptide, and its bo	oster effect was
	examd. in guinea	a pigs	primarily i	mmunized with HIV-HB	c (hepatitis B virus
	core antigen).				
TC	TCM A61K039-39				

IC ICM A61K039-39

ICS A61K009-127; A61K038-00; A61K039-00; A61K039-21; C07K014-115

CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 15

ST Hemagglutinating virus charged liposome vaccine adjuvant; HIV V3 peptide Sendai virus liposome vaccine adjuvant

IT Vaccines

(AIDS; charged liposomes contg. **Hemagglutinating** virus and lipids and antigens as immunol. **adjuvants**)

IT Envelope proteins

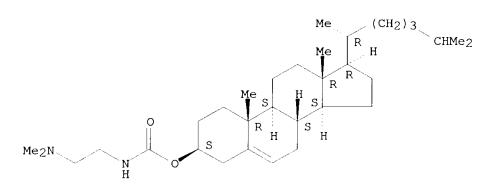
```
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (E glycoprotein; charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating
        virus envelope proteins and lipids as immunol. adjuvants)
ΙT
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (F; charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus envelope
        proteins and lipids as immunol. adjuvants)
TΨ
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (HIV-V3 peptides; charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating
        virus and lipids and antigens as immunol. adjuvants)
ΙT
     Glycoproteins, specific or class
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (HN (hemagglutinin-neuraminidase); charged liposomes contg.
        Hemagglutinating virus envelope proteins and lipids as immunol.
        adjuvants)
     Human immunodeficiency virus 1
ΙT
        (V3 peptide; charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus
        and lipids and antigens as immunol. adjuvants)
IT
     Immunostimulants
        (adjuvants; charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating
        virus and lipids as immunol. adjuvants)
IT
     Epitopes
       Vaccines
        (charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus and lipids
        and antigens as immunol. adjuvants)
ΙT
     Antigens
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus and lipids
        and antigens as immunol. adjuvants)
ΙT
     Sendai virus
        (charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus and lipids
        as immunol. adjuvants)
     Lipids, biological studies
     Phosphatidylcholines, biological studies
     Phosphatidylethanolamines, biological studies
     Phosphatidylserines
     Sphingomyelins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus and lipids
        as immunol. adjuvants)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (liposomes; charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus
        and lipids as immunol. adjuvants)
ΙT
    Anti-AIDS agents
        (vaccines; charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating
        virus and lipids and antigens as immunol. adjuvants)
     57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies
ΙT
                                               104162-48-3,
     N-[1-(2,3-Dioleyloxy) propyl]-N,N,N-trimethylammonium chloride
     131897-06-8, N-(.alpha.-Trimethylammonioacetyl)-didodecyl-D-glutamate
     chloride 137056-72-5
                           182919-20-6
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus and lipids
        as immunol. adjuvants)
IT
    137056-72-5
```

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (charged liposomes contg. Hemagglutinating virus and lipids as immunol. adjuvants)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 10 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:214941 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:256860

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Genetic liposomal vaccines containing

oligosaccharides on the surface

INVENTOR(S):

Mizuochi, Tsugio; Kojima, Naoya; Yasuda, Atsushi Tokai University, Japan; Nippon Zeon Co., Ltd.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PRIO	JP 2001081044 RITY APPLN. INFO.		20010327	JP 1999-259717 JP 1999-259717	
AB			to linosome	es which contain nucl	
AB	oligosaccharides	bonde	d to antiger	n-presenting cell der	ived lectin. The
		_		ties and are highly e	
	_		-	y when administered to	o a nost. A
	liposomal vaccin				
	-	-		idylethanolamine,	
	dipalmitoylphosp	hatidy	lcholine, ar	nd pCMVbeta.Galplası	mid.
IC	ICM A61K039-00				
	ICS A61K009-127	; A61K	031-711; A61	LP037-04	
CC	63-6 (Pharmaceut	icals)			
ST	genetic liposome	vacci	ne oligosaco	charide lectin	
ΙT	Gene therapy				
	Vaccines				

(genetic liposomal **vaccines** contg. oligosaccharides on surface)

- IT Agglutinins and Lectins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (genetic liposomal vaccines contg. oligosaccharides on surface)
- IT Nucleic acids
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (genetic liposomal vaccines contg. oligosaccharides on
 surface)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 (liposomes; genetic liposomal vaccines contg.
 oligosaccharides on surface)
- TT 57-88-5D, Cholesterol, glycolipids contg. 2644-64-6D, Dipalmitoylphosphatidylcholine, glycolipids contg. 5681-36-7D, Dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine, glycolipids contg. 34141-02-1D, glycolipids contg. 71246-55-4D, glycolipids contg. 112828-69-0D, glycolipids contg. 129583-07-9D, glycolipids contg. 137056-72-5D, 3.beta.-[N-[2-(N,N-Dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamoyl]cho lesterol, glycolipids contg. 149952-31-8D, glycolipids contg. RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (genetic liposomal vaccines contg. oligosaccharides on surface)
- surface)
 RN 129583-07-9 HCAPLUS
- CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, ester with 2-(carboxyamino)-N,N,N-trimethylethanaminium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

137056-72-5 HCAPLUS RN

Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 $(CHMe_2)_3$ $(CHMe_2)_4$ $(CH_2)_4$ $(C$

L27 ANSWER 11 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:207382 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:127008

TITLE:

Formulations of single or multiple Helicobacter pylori

antigens with DC-Chol adjuvant induce

protection by the systemic route in mice. Optimal

prophylactic combinations are different from

therapeutic ones

AUTHOR(S):

Sanchez, V.; Gimenez, S.; Haensler, J.; Geoffroy, C.; Rokbi, B.; Sequin, D.; Lissolo, L.; Harris, B.; Rizvi, F.; Kleanthous, H.; Monath, T.; Cadoz, M.; Guy, B.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Research Department, Campus Merieux, X2, Aventis

Pasteur, Marcy l'Etoile, 69280, Fr.

SOURCE:

FEMS Immunology and Medical Microbiology (2001),

30(2), 157-165

CODEN: FIMIEV; ISSN: 0928-8244

Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

PUBLISHER:

The ability to induce a protective response against Helicobacter pylori infection has been investigated by systemic immunization of mice with urease formulated with the cationic lipid DC-Chol. This compd. acts both as a formulating agent and as an adjuvant and induces a balanced Th1/Th2 response shown to be more effective for protection in our previous studies. Urease-DC Chol induced a significant protection in prophylaxis but not in therapeutic immunization. The protection level was between 1.5 and 2 log redn. of bacterial d. measured by quant. culture compared to unimmunized-infected mice. In parallel, the protective efficacy of other H. pylori antigens formulated in a similar way and administered with DC-Chol was tested. These antigens were tested alone or in combination in prophylactic and therapeutic regimens. Some combinations of antigens induced a better prophylactic or therapeutic activity than urease alone $(0.5-1.5 \log further redn. in prophylaxis and$ therapy resp., P<0.05). The combinations that induced the best protection were different in prophylaxis and therapy. In conclusion, DC-Chol provides a convenient and efficient method to formulate different antigens

even when they are present in non-compatible buffers initially. Moreover, the results obtained in protection against H. pylori with such formulations should lead the way to future clin. trials.

CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 15

- ST cholesterol deriv adjuvant Helicobacter antigen vaccine
- IT Immunostimulants

(adjuvants; prophylactic and therapeutic formulations of Helicobacter pylori antigens with DC-Chol adjuvant for protection against H. pylori infection)

IT Drug delivery systems

(liposomes; prophylactic and therapeutic formulations of Helicobacter pylori antigens with DC-Chol **adjuvant** for protection against H. pylori infection)

IT Helicobacter pylori

Vaccines

(prophylactic and therapeutic formulations of Helicobacter pylori antigens with DC-Chol **adjuvant** for protection against H. pylori infection)

IT Antigens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(prophylactic and therapeutic formulations of Helicobacter pylori antigens with DC-Chol **adjuvant** for protection against H. pylori infection)

IT Immunization

(vaccination; prophylactic and therapeutic formulations of Helicobacter pylori antigens with DC-Chol adjuvant for protection against H. pylori infection)

IT 9002-13-5, Urease **137056-72-5**, DC-Chol

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(prophylactic and therapeutic formulations of Helicobacter pylori antigens with DC-Chol **adjuvant** for protection against H. pylori infection)

IT 137056-72-5, DC-Chol

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(prophylactic and therapeutic formulations of Helicobacter pylori antigens with DC-Chol **adjuvant** for protection against H. pylori infection)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 CHMe2 R H S H S H

REFERENCE COUNT:

45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 12 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:167832 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:212748

TITLE:

Lipid-nucleic acid compositions for stimulating cytokine secretion and inducing an immune response Semple, Sean C.; Harasym, Troy O.; Klimuk, Sandra K.;

INVENTOR(S):

Kojic, Ljiljiana D.; Bramson, Jonathan L.; Mui,

Barbara; Hope, Michael J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Inex Pharmaceuticals Corp., Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 94 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

		rent 1					DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ои и	0.	DATE			
		2001					2001	0308		W	0 20	00-C	A101	3	2000	0828		
	WO	2001	0157	26	A.	3	2001	0726										
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
			HU,	ID,	ΙL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
			LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
			SD,	SE,	SG													
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
	RW: GH, G DE, D																	
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
	ΑU	2000	0681	39	A	5	2001	0326		A	U 20	00-6	8139		2000	0828		
	BR	2000	0138	34	А		2002	0423		B	R 20	00-1	3834		2000	0828		
	EΡ	1212	085		A.	2	2002	0612		E	P 20	00-9	5600	4	2000	0828		
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
							FI,											
PRIO	RITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :				1	US 2	-000	1764	06P	P	2000	0113		
									1	us 1	999-	1512	11P	P	1999	0826		
									1	WO 2	000-	CA10	13	W	2000	0828		
			_	_											· · ·			1

AB Lipid-nucleic acid particles can provide therapeutic benefits, even when the nucleic acid is not complementary to coding sequences in target cells. It has been found that lipid-nucleic acid particles, including those contg. non-sequence specific oligodeoxynucleotides, can be used to

stimulate cytokine secretion, thus enhancing the overall immune response of a treated mammal. Further, immune response to specific target antigens can be induced by administration of an antigenic mol. in assocn. with lipid particles contg. non-sequence specific oligodeoxynucleotides. The nucleic acid which is included in the lipid-nucleic acid particle can be a phosphodiester (i.e., an oligodeoxynucleotide consisting of nucleotide residues joined by phosphodiester linkages) or a modified nucleic acid which includes phosphorothicate or other modified linkages, and may suitably be one which is non-complementary to the human genome, such that it acts to provide immunostimulation in a manner which is independent of conventional base-pairing interactions between the nucleic acid and nucleic acids of the treated mammal. In particular, the nucleic acid may suitably contain an immune-stimulating motif such as a CpG motif, or an immune stimulating palindromic sequence. The cationic lipid included in the nucleic acid particles may be suitably selected from among DODAP, DODMA, DMDMA, DOTAP, DC-Chol, DDAB, DODAC, DMRIE, DOSPA and DOGS. In addn., the lipid particle may suitably contain a modified aggregation-limiting lipid such as a PEG-lipid, a PAO-lipid or a ganglioside.

- IC A61K039-39
- CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 15
- ST lipid nucleic acid vaccine cytokine induction

inducing an immune response)

IT Vaccines

(tumor; lipid-nucleic acid compns. for stimulating cytokine secretion and inducing an immune response)

IT Antitumor agents

(vaccines; lipid-nucleic acid compns. for stimulating cytokine secretion and inducing an immune response)

- TT 7212-69-3, DODAC 25322-68-3D, Polyethylene glycol, lipid conjugates 124050-77-7, DOGS **137056-72-5**, Dc-chol 144189-73-1, Dotap 153312-64-2, DMRIE 329009-00-9
 - RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(lipid-nucleic acid compns. for stimulating cytokine secretion and inducing an immune response)

IT 137056-72-5, Dc-chol

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (lipid-nucleic acid compns. for stimulating cytokine secretion and

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 CHMe2 R H S H S H

L27 ANSWER 13 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:115313 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:158465

TITLE:

Cationic lipid compounds and their synthesis and use

for transfection and therapy

INVENTOR(S):

Taillandier, Eliane; Cao, Xuan An; Coudert, Robert;

Naejus, Regine

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Universite Paris Nord, Fr.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PA	rent	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	on n	0.	DATE			
		2001 2001								W	0 20	00-F	R223	4	2000	0803		
									A7.	BA.	BB.	BG.	BR.	BY.	BZ,	CA.	CH.	CN.
		•••													GE,			
															LK,			
								•			-	-		-	PL,			
															UG,			
							AZ,								,	,	•	,
		RW:													ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
				•				-				-		-	PT,			
							GΑ,											
	FR	2797	188	-	A	1	2001	0209		F	R 19	99-1	0141		1999	0804		
	ΕP	1218	033		A.	2	2002	0703		E	P 20	00-9	5660	8	2000	0803		
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL							
PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					FR 1	999-	1014	1	Α	1999	0804		
									Ţ	WO 2	000-	FR22	34	W	2000	0803		
OTHE		OURCE	. ,															
AB		e inv																
		D-CO-																
																		vs.; R
		Me, E																
																		X-]2
		R2-C																
	cho	olani	c ac	id d	eriv	s.;	R = 1	H, Me	e, E	t; X	= C.	l-,	I-).	Sa	id c	ompds	s. a:	re

useful for transfecting living organisms in vivo, organs in vivo, tumors in vivo, or cells in vitro or ex vivo. Thus, 3-.beta.-[N-(N',N',N'-triethylaminopropane iodide)carbamoyl] cholesterol and other cationic lipids were synthesized. Transfection of CEM cells using this lipid was approx. 36-fold more efficient than with lipofectin.

IC ICM C12N015-87

CC 3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 32

IT Immunization

ΙT

(vaccination, with nucleic acid vaccines; cationic

lipid compds. and their synthesis and use for transfection and therapy) 131333-65-8P 140674-58-4P 140674-62-0P 140680-60-0P 325719-58-2P 325719-59-3P 325719-60-6P 325719-61-7P 325719-62-8P 325719-63-9P 325719-64-0P **325719-65-1P** 325719-66-2P 325719-67-3P 325719-69-5P 325719-70-8P 325719-71-9P 325719-72-0P 325719-68-4P

325719-68-4P 325719-69-5P 325719-70-8P 325719-71-9P 325719-72-0P RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cationic lipid compds. and their synthesis and use for transfection and therapy)

IT 325719-65-1P

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cationic lipid compds. and their synthesis and use for transfection and therapy)

RN 325719-65-1 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, bis[2-(trimethylammonio)ethyl]carbamate, diiodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

●2 I-

L27 ANSWER 14 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:114958 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:168319

TITLE:

Periodic structures comprising lipids,

polyelectrolytes, and structure-inducing soluble oligovalent linkers, and biological use thereof

INVENTOR(S):

Cevc, Gregor; Huebner, Stefan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NEE(S): Idea Ag, Germany

PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

P	ATENT :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	ο.	DATE			
	2001 2001			 А А		2001			W	0 20	 00-Е	P754	 6	2000	0803		
•••					-			AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
	CR, C HU, I			CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
	HU, II				IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
	LU, L				MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NΖ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
	LU, L' SD, S:				SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,
		YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	MT				
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
		DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	ΝL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,
	CF, CG,				CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
J	JP 2003506398 T2						0218		J	P 20	01-5	1493	3	2000	0803		
PRIORI	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:								DE 1	999-	1993	6665	Α	1999	0804		
								1	WO 2	000-	EP75	46	W	2000	0803		

- AB This invention describes a method for prepg. pharmaceutically usable compns. comprising periodic structures consisting of polyelectrolytes sandwiched between lipid aggregates having at least one charged component which is characterized in that a suspension of non-periodic, preferably mono- or bilayer like, lipid aggregates, a soln. of polyelectrolyte mols., and a soln. of oligovalent linkers are sep. made and then mixed to form said periodic structures, the simultaneous presence of said components catalyzing the formation of controlling the rate of formation of said periodic structures comprising at least one layer of lipid component assocd. with a layer of polyelectrolyte mols.
- IC ICM A61K009-127
- CC 63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 3, 15

IT Immunization

(vaccination; periodic structures comprising lipids, polyelectrolytes, and structure-inducing sol. oligovalent linkers, and biol. use thereof)

54-85-3, Isonicotinic acid hydrazide 57-56-7, Semicarbazide 60-35-5, IΤ Acetamide, biological studies 67-62-9, Methoxyamine 71-44-3, Spermine 74-89-5, Methylamine, biological studies 75-04-7, Ethylamine, biological 75-50-3, Trimethylamine, biological studies 79-05-0, Propionamide 107-10-8, n-Propylamine, biological studies 107-15-3, Ethylenediamine, biological studies 109-73-9, n-Butylamine, biological 109-76-2, 1,3-Diaminopropane 109-85-3, 2-Methoxyethylamine 110-60-1, Putrescine 109-89-7, Diethylamine, biological studies 110-76-9, 2-Ethoxyethylamine 121-44-8, Triethylamine, biological studies 124-20-9, Spermidine 124-40-3, Dimethylamine, biological studies 141-43-5, Ethanolamine, biological studies 143-19-1, Sodium oleate 302-01-2, Hydrazine, biological studies 302-95-4, Sodium deoxycholate 629-25-4, Sodium 462-94-2, Cadaverine 590-88-5, 1,3-Diaminobutane laurate 822-12-8, Sodium myristate 822-17-3, Sodium linoleate 3282-73-3, DDAB 16409-34-0, Sodium glycodeoxycholate 18175-45-6,

Sodium elaidate 104162-48-3, Dotma 124050-77-7 **137056-72-5**, Dc-chol 144189-73-1, Dotap 153312-64-2, Dmrie 168479-03-6, DOSPA 169619-96-9, Dotim

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (periodic structures comprising lipids, polyelectrolytes, and

structure-inducing sol. oligovalent linkers, and biol. use thereof)

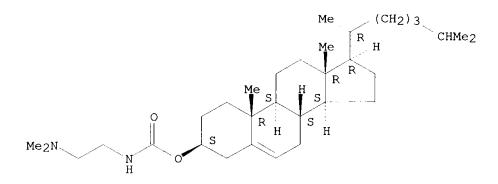
IT 137056-72-5, Dc-chol

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (periodic structures comprising lipids, polyelectrolytes, and structure-inducing sol. oligovalent linkers, and biol. use thereof)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 15 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:90882 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:10987

TITLE:

Design, characterization and preclinical efficacy of a

cationic lipid adjuvant for

influenza split vaccine

AUTHOR(S):

Guy, B.; Pascal, N.; Francon, A.; Bonnin, A.; Gimenez,

S.; Lafay-Vialon, E.; Trannoy, E.; Haensler, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Aventis Pasteur, Marcy l'Etoile, 69280, Fr.

SOURCE:

Vaccine (2001), 19(13-14), 1794-1805

CODEN: VACCDE; ISSN: 0264-410X
ISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

PUBLISHER:

AB

Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE:

English

LANGUAGE:

We prepd. a series of cationic lipid vesicles comprising a cationic cholesterol deriv., DC-Chol with or without a neutral phospholipid, DOPC or DOPE. The vesicles were tested for their ability to bind and

adjuvant split inactivated influenza vaccines.

We found that DC-Chol-contg. liposomes are capable to strongly bind

influenza vaccine antigens upon simple mixing with the

vaccine. The resulting formulations induced robust anti-

influenza immune responses both after s.c. and i.n. administration
in BALB/c mice while neutral Cholesterol/DOPC liposomes displayed
virtually no stable antigen binding and no adjuvant effect. The

Lucas 08/836,576

parenteral adjuvant effect of DC-Chol on trivalent split influenza vaccines was then confirmed in outbred mice and monkeys. Among the most potent formulations tested, a simple mixt. of the vaccine with a microfluidized dispersion of DC-Chol in an aq. buffer is being considered for further development to produce an improved influenza vaccine.

CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)

influenza vaccine cationic lipid adjuvant

IT Influenza

ST

Vaccines

(design, characterization and preclin. efficacy of a cationic lipid adjuvant for influenza split vaccine)

IT Drug delivery systems

(liposomes; design, characterization and preclin. efficacy of a cationic lipid adjuvant for influenza split

vaccine)

IT 137056-72-5, DC-Chol

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(design, characterization and preclin. efficacy of a cationic lipid adjuvant for influenza split vaccine)

IT 137056-72-5, DC-Chol

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(design, characterization and preclin. efficacy of a cationic lipid adjuvant for influenza split vaccine)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 16 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:420985 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:57573

TITLE:

Multivalent immunogenic composition containing RSV

subunit composition and influenza virus

preparation

INVENTOR(S):

Cates, George A.; Sambhara, Suryaprakash; Burt, David;

Klein, Michel H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Connaught Laboratories Limited, Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	٥.	DATE			
WC	2000	0354	81	A	2	2000	0622		W	o 19	 99-C	A119	4	1999	1216		
WC	2000	0354	81	Α	3	2000	1026										
	W:	ΑE,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,
		CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	ΙL,
	IN, IS MD, MO		IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,
	MD, Mo		MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,
	SK, SI		SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,
	SK, SI AZ, BY		BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM								
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,
		DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,
		CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG				
EP	EP 1140164				2	2001	1010		E	P 19	99-9	5782	5	1999	1216		
	R: AT, BI			CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
	IE, S				LV,	FI,	RO										
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:				Ţ	US 1:	998-	2137	70	Α	1998	1217		

AB Immunogenic compns. for administration to adults, particularly to the elderly, to protect them against disease caused by infection by respiratory syncytial virus and by influenza virus comprise an immunoeffective amt. of a mixt. of purified fusion (F) protein, attachment (G) protein and matrix (M) protein of RSV and an immunoeffective amt. of a non-virulent influenza virus prepn. The components of the compn., when formulated as a vaccine for in vivo administration, do not impair the immunogenicity of each other. The immunogenic compn. may also contain an adjuvant.

WO 1999-CA1194 W 19991216

- IC ICM A61K039-295
- ICS A61P031-12
- CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)
- ST vaccine elderly respiratory syncytial virus influenza;
 RSV F G M protein vaccine
- IT Proteins, specific or class
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (F; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)
- IT Proteins, specific or class
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (M (matrix); multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein,
 G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent
 influenza virus)
- IT Polyphosphazenes
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (adjuvant; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F
 protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and
 nonvirulent influenza virus)
- IT Immunostimulants
 - (adjuvants, ISCOMs; multivalent immunogenic compn. contq.

purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)

IT Immunostimulants

(adjuvants, ISCOPREP; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)

IT Immunostimulants

(adjuvants; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)

IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(attachment; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein,
G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent
influenza virus)

IT Toxins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(bacterial; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G
protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent
influenza virus)

IT Aging, animal

(elderly, vaccine; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)

IT Capsules

Immunomodulators

Influenza virus

Liposomes

Microparticles

Respiratory syncytial virus

Vaccines

(multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)

IT Antigens

Cytokines

Glycolipids

Interleukin 2

Lipoproteins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)

IT Amino acids, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (octadecyl esters; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)

1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, biological studies 7784-30-7, Aluminum phosphate 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide, biological studies 53678-77-6, Muramyl dipeptide 137056-72-5, DC-Chol 277303-29-4, DDBA 277333-71-8

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(adjuvant; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F
protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and
nonvirulent influenza virus)

IT 20427-58-1, Zinc hydroxide 66594-14-7, Quil A 141256-04-4, QS-21

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)

ΙΤ 137056-72-5, DC-Chol

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (adjuvant; multivalent immunogenic compn. contg. purified F protein, G protein and M protein of respiratory syncytial virus and nonvirulent influenza virus)

137056-72-5 HCAPLUS RN

Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) CN INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 CHMe2

Me R H

N R H

L27 ANSWER 17 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:420981 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:57570

TITLE:

Multi-component vaccine comprising at least

two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect

against disease

INVENTOR(S):

Loosmore, Sheena M.; Yang, Yan-ping; Klein, Michel H.

Connaught Laboratories Ltd., Can.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DAT	E	APPLI	CATION N	э.	DATE			
WO 2000035477 WO 2000035477	A2 200 A3 200	00622 01026	WO 19	99-CA118	9	1999	1215		
W: AE, A	, AM, AT, AU	, AZ, BA,	BB, BG,	BR, BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,
	, DK, DM, EE								
	, JP, KE, KG								
MD, MO	, MK, MN, MW	, MX, NO,	NZ, PL,	PT, RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,
SK, S	, TJ, TM, TR	, TT, TZ,	UA, UG,	US, UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,
AZ, B	, KG, KZ, MD	, RU, TJ,	TM						
RW: GH, GI	, KE, LS, MW	, SD, SL,	SZ, TZ,	UG, ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,
DK. E	. FI. FR. GB	. GR. IE.	IT, LU,	MC, NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,

```
CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                     AA 20000622 CA 1999-2355466 19991215
     CA 2355466
                           20011010
                                          EP 1999-957822
                                                          19991215
     EP 1140158
                      Α2
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                           20021002
     JP 2002532433
                     Т2
                                           JP 2000-587796
                                                           19991215
                                        US 1998-210995 A 19981215
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        WO 1999-CA1189
                                                        W 19991215
     A multi-component immunogenic compn. confers protection on an immunized
AB
     host against infection caused by Haemophilus influenzae. Such compn.
     comprises at least two different antigens of Haemophilus influenzae, one
     of which is an adhesin. High mol. wt. (HMW) proteins of non-typeable
     Haemophilus influenzae enhance the immune response in a host to a
     non-proteolytic analog of Hin47 protein in such immunogenic compns. with
     one component not impairing the immunogenicity of the other.
     Haemophilus vaccine may be combined with DTP component
     vaccines to provide a multi-valent component vaccine
     without impairment of the immunogenic properties of the other antigens.
IC
     ICM A61K039-102
     ICS A61K039-116; A61K039-295; A61P031-04
CC
     15-2 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 3
     vaccine Hemophilus influenza adhesin HMW1 HMW2; heat
ST
     shock protein Hin47 influenza vaccine
ΙT
     Hemagglutinins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (FHA (filamentous hemagglutinin); multi-component
       vaccine comprising at least two antigens from Haemophilus
        influenzae to protect against disease)
IT
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (HMW1; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
IT
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (HMW2; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
IT
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Hin47; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
IT
     Immunostimulants
        (adjuvants, ISCOMs; multi-component vaccine
        comprising at least two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect
        against disease)
ΙT
     Immunostimulants
        (adjuvants, ISCOPREP and DDBA; multi-component
       vaccine comprising at least two antigens from Haemophilus
       influenzae to protect against disease)
    Agglutinins and Lectins
IT
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (agglutinogens; multi-component vaccine comprising at least
        two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
IT
        (antigen; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
IΤ
    Toxins
```

```
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (bacterial; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
ΙT
     Polysaccharides, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (capsular; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
ΙT
     Mutation
        (deletion; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
TΤ
     Toxoids
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (diphtheria; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
TT
     Proteins, specific or class
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (high-mol.-wt.; multi-component vaccine comprising at least
        two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
TI
     Haemophilus influenzae
     Human poliovirus
     Human poliovirus 1
     Human poliovirus 2
     Human poliovirus 3
     Molecular cloning
     Pathogen
       Vaccines
        (multi-component vaccine comprising at least two antigens
        from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
TT
    Adhesins
     Antigens
     Glycolipids
     Lipoproteins
     Polyphosphazenes
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (multi-component vaccine comprising at least two antigens
        from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
TΨ
     Heat-shock proteins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (non-proteolytic; multi-component vaccine comprising at least
        two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
IT
    Amino acids, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (octadecyl ester; multi-component vaccine comprising at least
        two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
TΤ
    Ear
        (otitis, otitis media; multi-component vaccine comprising at
        least two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against
        disease)
IT
    Agglutinins and Lectins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pertactins; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
IΤ
    Toxoids
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pertussis; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two
        antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)
ΙT
    Mutation
```

(substitution; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)

ΙT Toxoids

ТТ

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (tetanus; multi-component vaccine comprising at least two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)

1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, biological studies 7784-30-7, Aluminum 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 20427-58-1, Zinc hydroxide phosphate 53678-77-6, Muramyl

21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide, biological studies 66594-14-7, Quil A 137056-72-5, DC-chol dipeptide

141256-04-4, QS 21

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (multi-component vaccine comprising at least two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)

137056-72-5, DC-chol ΤТ

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (multi-component vaccine comprising at least two antigens from Haemophilus influenzae to protect against disease)

137056-72-5 HCAPLUS RN

Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) CN INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L27 ANSWER 18 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:34710 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:83616

TITLE:

Use of an amphipathic compound for providing an

adjuvant to a subunit vaccine

INVENTOR(S):

Darbouret, Anne; Brunel, Florence; Ronco, Jorge

Pasteur Merieux Serums & Vaccins, Fr. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 11 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-				
WO 2000001345	A2	20000113	WO 1999-FR1604	19990702
W: AE, AL,	AM, AT	, AU, AZ, BA,	BB, BG, BR, BY, CA,	, CH, CN, CU, CZ,

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DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
             JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
             TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
             MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                           FR 1998-8700
                                                            19980703
     FR 2781160
                       Α1
                            20000121
     FR 2781160
                            20000818
                       В1
     CA 2337048
                            20000113
                                           CA 1999-2337048 19990702
                       AA
     AU 9946217
                       Α1
                            20000124
                                           AU 1999-46217
                                                            19990702
                                           EP 1999-929389
                                                            19990702
     EP 1093382
                      A2
                            20010425
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                      B1
                            20021029
                                           US 2001-720863
                                                             20010416
     US 6472159
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        FR 1998-8700
                                                         A 19980703
                                        WO 1999-FR1604
                                                         W 19990702
AB
     An amphipathic compd. for prepg. a vaccine compn. comprising at
     least a subunit antigen to be administered to target populations
     comprising non-responders to said antigen is disclosed. A particular
     amphipathic compd. is 3-.beta.-[N-(N',N'-dimethylaminoethane)-
     carbamoyl]cholesterol (I). A vaccine contained hepatitis B
     antigen 1.mu.g, I 0.5 mg, and buffer q.s. 0.5 mL. The efficacy of the
     vaccine in immunization of guinea pigs is shown.
ΙC
     ICM A61K
CC
     63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)
     vaccine amphipathic compd adjuvant; carbamoyl
ST
     cholesterol vaccine adjuvant
IT
     Immunostimulants
        (adjuvants; use of amphipathic compd. for providing
        adjuvant to subunit vaccine)
IT
     Vaccines
        (hepatitis B; use of amphipathic compd. for providing adjuvant
        to subunit vaccine)
IT
     Antigens
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (hepatitis B; use of amphipathic compd. for providing adjuvant
        to subunit vaccine)
ΙT
     Vaccines
        (use of amphipathic compd. for providing adjuvant to subunit
IT
     137056-72-5
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (use of amphipathic compd. for providing adjuvant to subunit
        vaccine)
TΤ
     137056-72-5
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
```

(use of amphipathic compd. for providing adjuvant to subunit

vaccine)

RN

137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

February 26, 2003

Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L27 ANSWER 19 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:318977 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:143208

TITLE:

Cationic lipid DC-Chol induces an improved and

balanced immunity able to overcome the

unresponsiveness to the hepatitis B vaccine

AUTHOR(S):

Brunel, F.; Darbouret, A.; Ronco, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Research Department, Pasteur Merieux Connaught, Marcy

L'Etoile, 69280, Fr.

SOURCE:

Vaccine (1999), 17(17), 2192-2203

CODEN: VACCDE; ISSN: 0264-410X

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Th1 and Th2 immune responses against antigens can be modulated AR by the use of adjuvants. Since antibody isotypes (IgG1 and IgG2a) and cytokines induced may reflect the Th differentiation taking place during the immune response, the humoral and cellular immune responses induced in mice against hepatitis B virus surface antigen (HBsAg) were examd. when the antigen was either adsorbed to aluminum hydroxyde or administered with a new adjuvant the cationic lipid 3.beta.-[N-(N',N'-dimethylaminoethane)carbamoyl]cholesterol (DC-Chol). The use of DC-Chol increased antibody responses in responding BALB/c mice, induced more consistent IgG1 and IgG2a antibody responses in OF1 mice and overcame the nonresponse to HBsAg in B10.M mice. Furthermore, DC-Chol was able to induce cellular immune responses to HBsAg. The DC-Chol induced a balanced Th1/Th2 response, which enabled mice to overcome the inherited unresponsiveness to HBsAg encountered with aluminum-adjuvanted Thus, the DC-Chol provides a signal to switch on both Th1 and Th2 responses, which may have important implications for vaccination against hepatitis B virus, as well as for enhancing weak immunogenicity of other recombinant purified antigens in a nonresponder population.

CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 63

- cationic lipid adjuvant DC Chol hepatitis B vaccine ST
- ΤТ Immunoglobulins

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process) (G1; cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able

to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B **vaccine** and formation of)

IT Immunoglobulins

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process) (G2a; cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B vaccine and formation of)

IT Immunostimulants

(adjuvants; cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B vaccine)

IT Hepatitis B virus

Vaccines

(cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B **vaccine**)

IT T cell (lymphocyte)

(helper cell/inducer, TH1; cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B vaccine)

IT T cell (lymphocyte)

(helper cell/inducer, TH2; cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B vaccine)

IT Antigens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(hepatitis B surface, recombinant; cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B **vaccine**)

IT **137056-72-5**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B **vaccine**)

IT 21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B **vaccine** compared to)

IT 137056-72-5

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cationic lipid DC-Chol induces improved and balanced immunity able to overcome unresponsiveness to hepatitis B **vaccine**)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 CHMe2 R H S H S H S H

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 20 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

44

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:721602 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:342686

TITLE:

Anti-Helicobacter vaccine composition

comprising a Th1 adjuvant

INVENTOR(S):

Guy, Bruno; Haensler, Jean

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merieux Oravax, Fr.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.								A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	DATE					
WO	9848								W	0 19	98-F	R875		1998	0430			
	W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	
		DK,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GE,	HU,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	
		RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	
		AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM								
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	
		CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG								
FR	2762	787		Α	1	1998	1106		F	R 19	97-5	608		1997	0430			
FR	2762	787		В	1	2000	1006											
AU	9876	584		Α	1	1998	1124		A	U 19	98-7	6584		1998	0430			
AU	7503	79		B.	2	2002	0718											
EP	9791	00		Α	1	2000	0216		E	P 19	98-9	2436	0	1998	0430			
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	PT,	ΙE,	FI
BR	9809	381		Α		2000	0704		В	R 19	98-9	381		1998	0430			
JP	2002	5056	65	T	2	2002	0219		J	P 19	98-5	4668	4	1998	0430			
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					FR 1	997-	5608		Α	1997	0430			
									FR 1	997-	1573	2	Α	1997	1208			
								1	wo 1	998-	FR87.	5	W	1998	0430			
OTHER SO	OURCE	(S):			MAR	PAT	129:	3426	86									

The invention concerns the use of an immunogenic agent derived from AΒ Helicobacter, assocd. with an adjuvant such as QS-21, DC-chol or Bay R1005, for making a pharmaceutical compn. designed to induce an immune response of the T helper 1 type (Th1), for preventing or treating Helicobacter infection in a mammal. IC ICM A61K039-106 15-2 (Immunochemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 63 STHelicobacter vaccine Th1 adjuvant Immunoglobulins ΤT RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence) (A; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1 adjuvant) ITImmunoglobulins RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence) (G1; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1 adjuvant) ITImmunoglobulins RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence) (G2a; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1 adjuvant) ΙT Peptides, biological studies Proteins, general, biological studies RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (Helicobacter; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1 adjuvant) ΙT Polyphosphazenes RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (PCPP; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1 adjuvant) TΤ Immunostimulants (adjuvants; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1 adjuvant) ΙT Antibacterial agents Drug delivery systems Helicobacter Helicobacter pylori Vaccines (anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1 adjuvant) TT Glycolipopeptides Saponins

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1

adjuvant)

IT Lipids, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

```
(cationic; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1
        adjuvant)
ΙT
     Immunity
        (cell-mediated; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with
        Th1 adjuvant)
IΤ
     Toxins
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (cholera; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1
        adjuvant)
IT
     Escherichia coli
        (heat-labile toxin; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with
        Th1 adjuvant)
IT
     Toxins
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (heat-labile, E.coli; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with
        Th1 adjuvant)
ΙT
     T cell (lymphocyte)
        (helper cell/inducer, TH1; anti-Helicobacter vaccine
        compn. with Th1 adjuvant)
     Drug delivery systems
IT
        (liposomes; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1
        adjuvant)
TΨ
     Quillaja saponaria
        (saponins; anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1
        adjuvant)
TΤ
     9002-13-5, Urease
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (Helicobacter, UreA or UreB subunit; anti-Helicobacter vaccine
        compn. with Th1 adjuvant)
                                                  294664-93-0, Bay
IT
     57-88-5D, Cholesterol, derivs. 137056-72-5
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1
        adjuvant)
ΙT
     141436-78-4, Protein kinase C
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1
        adjuvant)
TΤ
     137056-72-5
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (anti-Helicobacter vaccine compn. with Th1
        adjuvant)
     137056-72-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA
CN
     INDEX NAME)
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Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 CHMe2 R H S H S H

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 21 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

7

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:719294 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:342685

TITLE:

Anti-Helicobacter vaccine for use by the subdiaphragmatic systemic route and combined

mucosal/parenteral immunization

INVENTOR(S):

Guy, Bruno; Haensler, Jean; Lee, Cynthia K.; Weltzin,

Richard A.; Monath, Thomas P.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merieux Oravax, Fr. PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

]	PATENT NO.				KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	Ο.	DATE				
	wo	9848	835		 A	1	1998	1105		W	0 19	 98-U	 s889	0	1998	0430			
		W:	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GW,	HU,	ID,	ΙL,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	
															MK,				
			NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	
			UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM	
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	
			CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG								
I	FR	2762	788		A	1	1998	1106		F	R 19	97-5	609		1997	0430			
J	FR	2762	788		В	1	2000	1006											
I	ΑU	9872	768		A	1	1998	1124		Αl	J 19	98-7.	2768		1998	0430			
I	AU	7514	33		В	2	2002	0815											
I	BR	9809	426		Α		2000	0613		B	R 19	98-9	426		1998	0430			
I	EΡ	1017	417		A	1	2000	0712		E	P 19	98-9	2012	6	1998	0430			
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	PT,	ΙE,	FI
Ç	JΡ	2002	5126	19	T	2	2002	0423		J:	P 19	98-5	4744	1	1998	0430			
1	ОИ	9905	290		Α		1999	1229		No	o 19	99-5.	290		1999	1029			
RIOR	TI	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					FR 19	997-	5609		Α	1997	0430			
										FR 19	997-	1573	1	Α	1997	1208			
										WO 19	998-	US88	90	W	1998	0430			
R 1	The	sub	iect	of t	the	inve	ntio	n is	the	use	of.	an ii	ทพเมท	oder	ic a	gent.	(e.c)	т	

The subject of the invention is the use of an immunogenic agent (e.g.,

urease) derived from Helicobacter, in the manuf. of a pharmaceutical compn. intended for the induction of a T helper 1 (**Th1**) type immune response against Helicobacter in order to prevent or treat a Helicobacter infection. This may be achieved when the pharmaceutical compn. is administered by the systemic or parenteral route to the dorsolumbar region of the diaphragm. Also included in the invention is a **mucosal**/parenteral immunization method for the prevention or treatment of Helicobacter infection.

IC ICM A61K039-02

ICS A01N043-04; A61K031-70

CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 14

ST Helicobacter vaccine subdiaphragmatic immunization

IT Toxins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (Clostridium difficile; as **adjuvant** in subdiaphragmatic systemic and **mucosal**/parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT Immunoglobulins

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(G1; as marker for **Th1** cell response in immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT Immunoglobulins

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(G2a; as marker for **Th1** cell response in immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT Immunostimulants

(adjuvants; in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal /parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT Alums

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (as adjuvant in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal

/parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT Infection

(bacterial; urease subunits in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal/parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT Toxins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cholera; as adjuvant in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal/parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT Toxins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (enterotoxins, heat-labile; as **adjuvant** in subdiaphragmatic systemic and **mucosal**/parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT Immunoassay

(enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay; in detection of IgG1/IgG2a ratio as marker for **Th1** cell response in immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT Microspheres

(for delivery of urease subunits in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal/parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)

IT T cell (lymphocyte)

(helper cell/inducer, **TH1**; urease subunits in subdiaphragmatic systemic and **mucosal**/parenteral immunization

```
against Helicobacter infection)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (liposomes; for delivery of urease subunits in subdiaphragmatic
        systemic and mucosal/parenteral immunization against
        Helicobacter infection)
IΤ
     Immunization
        (mucosal; with urease subunits of Helicobacter pylori)
TΤ
     Antigens
     Gene, microbial
     Lipopeptides
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (of Helicobacter for subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal
        /parenteral immunization against infection)
IT
     Vaccines
        (oral; urease subunits in immunization against Helicobacter infection)
ΙT
     Toxins
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pertussis; as adjuvant in subdiaphragmatic systemic and
        mucosal/parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)
IT
     Vaccines
        (urease subunits in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal
        /parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)
ΙT
     Antiulcer agents
        (urease subunits in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal
        /parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection in relation to)
     Helicobacter
ΙT
     Helicobacter pylori
        (urease subunits in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal
        /parenteral immunization against infection with)
     137056-72-5 141256-04-4, QS-21 294664-93-0, Bay R1005
IΤ
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (as adjuvant in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal
        /parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)
IT
     9002-13-5, Urease
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal/parenteral
        immunization against Helicobacter infection)
ΙT
     137056-72-5
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (as adjuvant in subdiaphragmatic systemic and mucosal
        /parenteral immunization against Helicobacter infection)
RN
     137056-72-5 HCAPLUS
     Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI)
CN
     INDEX NAME)
```

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 CHMe2 R H S H S H

REFERENCE COUNT:

12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 22 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:479572 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

129:100060

TITLE:

Biodegradable targetable microparticle delivery system Sokoll, Kenneth K.; Chong, Pele; Klein, Michel H.

Connaught Laboratories Ltd., Can.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 148 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA.	rent 1	NO.		KI	KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.							DATE						
WO	9828	357		A	1	1998	0702							19971219				
	W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	
		DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	HU,	IL,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	
		LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NΖ,	PL,	
		PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	
		UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM				
	RW:													DE,				
		FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	
						ΝE,												
US	6042	820		Α		2000	0328		U	S 19	96-7	70850)	1996	1220			
		854721							A	U 19	98-5	4721		1997	1219			
		305																
ΕP		5624																
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	ΝL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		ΙE,																
						20000725			J	P 19	98-5	28169	9	1997	1219			
	3242					2001												
	9714													1997				
	2002													1997				
	6228					2001								2000				
	6287					2001								2000				
	6312													2000				
	6471																	
ORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:				1	US 1	996-	7708	50	A2	1996	1220			
									JP 1	998-	5281	69	А3	1997	1219			

WO 1997-CA980 W 19971219

Copolymers designed for use as particulate carriers contg. AB functionalizable amino acid subunits for coupling with targeting ligands are described. The copolymers are polyesters composed of .alpha.-hydroxy acid subunits such as D.L-lactide and pseudo-.alpha.-amino acid subunits which may be derived from serine or terpolymers of D, L-lactide and glycolide and pseudo-.alpha.-amino acid subunits which may be derived from serine. Stable vaccine prepns. useful as delayed release formulations contq. antigen or antigens and adjuvants encapsulated within or phys. mixed with polymeric microparticles are described. The particulate carriers are useful for delivering agents to the immune system of a subject by mucosal or parenteral routes to produce immune responses, including antibody and protective responses. A glycolide-lactide-pseudo-Z-serine ester and its deprotected analog were prepd. and microparticles were prepd. from these copolymers. copolymer microparticles were used to encapsulate immune adjuvants or proteins.

IC

ICM C08G063-685 ICS C08G075-26; A61K009-16

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

STbiodegradable microparticle immune agent; polyester microparticle vaccine

ΙT Immunostimulants

> (adjuvants; biodegradable targetable microparticle delivery system)

TΤ Drug targeting

Influenza virus

Vaccines

(biodegradable targetable microparticle delivery system)

137056-72-5 209794-26-3 294664-93-0, BAY-R 1005 TΤ

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (biodegradable targetable microparticle delivery system)

IT137056-72-5

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (biodegradable targetable microparticle delivery system)

RN137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 1 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L27 ANSWER 23 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
                      1998:180751 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        128:248559
                       Cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for
TITLE:
                        use as gene vaccines
                        Gregoriadis, Gregory
INVENTOR(S):
                        School of Pharmacy, UK; Gregoriadis, Gregory
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
     WO 9810748
                     A1 19980319
                                         WO 1997-GB2490
                                                            19970915
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,
             GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                          AU 1997-42154
    AU 9742154
                     A1
                            19980402
                                                           19970915
    AU 728581
                      B2
                            20010111
                                          EP 1997-940250 19970915
     EP 938298
                      A1
                            19990901
     EP 928298
                     В1
                          20021204
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
                          19991201
                                          CN 1997-199674 19970915
     CN 1237102
                     А
                            20010220
                                           JP 1998-513398 19970915
     JP 2001502299
                      T2
                     A2 20021106
                                          EP 2002-16936 19970915
     EP 1254657
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    AT 228824
                     E 20021215
                                          AT 1997-940250 19970915
                    А
                                           KR 1999-702103 19990312
     KR 2000036088
                            20000626
                                        GB 1996-19172 A 19960913
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        GB 1996-25917
                                                       A 19961213
                                        GB 1997-13994
                                                        A 19970701
                                        EP 1997-940250 A3 19970915
                                        WO 1997-GB2490 W 19970915
                        MARPAT 128:248559
OTHER SOURCE(S):
    Cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotide in the intravesicular
     space are described. The liposomes include cationic components such as
     cationic lipids such as DOTAP. Preferably the method of forming liposomes
     uses the dehydration-rehydration method in the presence of the
     polynucleotide. The polynucleotide preferably operatively encodes an
    antigen capable of eliciting a desired immune response, i.e., is a gene
    vaccine.
    ICM A61K009-127
     ICS A61K039-00; A61K048-00; C12P025-00; C12N015-00
     63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 15
    gene vaccine cationic liposome entrapped polynucleotide
ST
ΙT
    Antitumor agents
```

Dehydration

```
Extrusion, nonbiological
     Freeze drying
     Plasmids
       Vaccines
        (cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for use as gene
        vaccines)
IT
     Glycerides, biological studies
     Phosphatidylethanolamines, biological studies
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
     USES (Uses)
        (cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for use as gene
        vaccines)
ΤТ
     Antigens
     DNA
     Gene
     Polynucleotides
     Promoter (genetic element)
     mRNA
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for use as gene
        vaccines)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (injections; cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for use
        as gene vaccines)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (liposomes; cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for use
        as gene vaccines)
ΙT
     Fluidization
        (microfluidization; cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides
        for use as gene vaccines)
TΨ
     Genetic element
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (ribosome-binding site; cationic liposomes with entrapped
        polynucleotides for use as gene vaccines)
     124-30-1, Stearylamine 104162-48-3, Dotma 137056-72-5
IT
                         158571-62-1, Lipofectamine
                                                       205056-57-1
     144189-73-1, Dotap
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
     USES (Uses)
        (cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for use as gene
       vaccines)
IT
     137056-72-5
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
     USES (Uses)
        (cationic liposomes with entrapped polynucleotides for use as gene
        vaccines)
RN
     137056-72-5 HCAPLUS
     Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA
CN
     INDEX NAME)
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Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 $(CHMe_2)_3$ $(CHMe_2)_3$ $(CHMe_2)_4$ $(CH_2)_4$ $(CH_2)_4$

L27 ANSWER 24 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:812174 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:93230

TITLE:

Compositions comprising cationic amphiphiles and co-lipids for intracellular delivery of therapeutic

molecules

INVENTOR(S):

Fasbender, Allen J.; Welsh, Michael J.; Siegel, Craig S.; Lee, Edward R.; Chang, Chau-Dung; Marshall, John; Cheng, Seng H.; Harris, David J.; Eastman, Simon J.; Hubbard, Shirley C.; Lane, Mathieu B.; Rowe, Eric A.;

Scheule, Ronald K.; Yew, Nelson S.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Genzyme Corporation, USA; University of Iowa Research

Foundation

SOURCE:

GΙ

PCT Int. Appl., 108 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT NO	KI	ND :	DATE			AF	PLIC	CATI	ON N	ο.	DATE					
WO	974622	 A	1	1997	1211		WO 1997-US9142						19970530				
		T, BE	, Е, СН,												NL,	PT,	SE
US	593593	36	A		1999	0810		US	199	96-6	5723	8	1996	0603			
CA	222844	4	A	A.	1997.	1211		CP	199	97-2:	2284	4 4	1997	0530			
EP	845981	-	A	1	1998	0610		EF	199	97-9:	2971	6	1997	0530			
EP	845981		В	1 :	2002	0925											
	R: A	T, BE	E, CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
	I	E, FI															
JР	115117	57	T.	2 :	1999	1012		JF	199	97-5	0067	8	19970	0530			
AT	224705	·	E	:	2002	1015		ΑT	199	97-92	2971	6	19970	0530			
PRIORITY	Y APPLN	I. INE	·				Ţ	JS 19	96-6	6572	38	Α	19960	0603			
							7	v O 19	97-t	JS91	42	W	19970	0530			
OTHER SO	OURCE (S	;):		MAR	PAT	128:9	93230)									

Ι

$$_{\rm H_3C}$$
 $_{\rm Me}$ $_{\rm C}$ $_{\rm C}$ $_{\rm CH_2)_3CHMe_2}$ $_{\rm R^1R^2NCO^{-0}}$

Compns. comprising a steroidal polyamine [e.g. I; R1 = H2N(CH2)yNH(CH2)x; AΒ R2 = H2N(CH2)y'NH(CH2)x'; x, x', y, y' .gtoreq.2; H2N(CH2)y' may be replaced by H; bonds at C-5 and C-7 in steroid ring are single or double] or other cationic amphiphile and a phosphatidylethanolamine contg. 2 C16-18 unsatd. fatty acyl residues as co-lipid facilitate entry of DNA, hormones, antibiotics, and other therapeutically active mols. into cells and are useful in gene therapy. Particular addnl. (lyso)phosphatidylethanolamines (helper co-lipids) can contribute to the effectiveness of the primary co-lipid, even if the combination of cationic amphiphile and helper co-lipid alone is relatively ineffective. Excipients such as sugars may also be present to stabilize the amphiphile-DNA complex against oxidn., hydrolysis, irreversible aggregation, and interaction with container surfaces. Thus, a 1:1 mixt. of spermidine cholesterol carbamate [I; x = 4, x' = 3, H2N(CH2)y and H2N(CH2)y' replaced by H, single bond at C-7 of steroid] (II) and dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine facilitated transfection of Cltransport-deficient CFT-1 human cystic fibrosis bronchial epithelial cells with plasmids contg. DNA encoding either .beta.-galactosidase or the Clchannel protein (CFTR protein) in which the cells are deficient. prepd. by condensation of cholesteryl chloroformate with N1,N8-dicarbobenzoxyspermidine and deprotection by hydrogenolysis over Pd/C.

IC ICM A61K009-127

ICS C12N015-88

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Vaccinia virus

(transfection with; compns. comprising cationic amphiphiles and co-lipids for intracellular delivery of therapeutic mols.)

4009-43-2 16777-83-6, Dielaidoylphosphatidylethanolamine 26662-94-2 26662-95-3 34813-40-6 53862-35-4 55252-82-9, Dilinoleoylphosphatidylethanolamine 61599-23-3 69747-55-3 85046-18-0

89576-29-4 137056-72-5 201036-16-0
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(compns. comprising cationic amphiphiles and co-lipids for intracellular delivery of therapeutic mols.)

intracellular delivery of therapeutic mols.)

IT 137056-72-5

ΙT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (compns. comprising cationic amphiphiles and co-lipids for intracellular delivery of therapeutic mols.)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 $CHMe_2$

Me R H S H S H

L27 ANSWER 25 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:326850 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:308806

TITLE: Emulsion and micellar formulations for the delivery of

biologically active substances to cells

INVENTOR(S): Liu, Dexi; Liu, Feng; Yang, Jing-Ping; Huang, Leaf

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Pittsburgh, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

		KIND DATE				A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	0.	DATE									
							0403		W	W O 1996-US15388 19960926										
WO	9711	682		Α	3	1997	0710													
	W:	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,			
		EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	HU,	ΙL,	IS,	JΡ,	ΚE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LR,			
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,			
		SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,			
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM													
	RW:	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,			
		ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA					
US	6120	794		А		2000	0919		U	s 19	95-5	3418	0	1995	0926					
CA	2230	940		A	Ą	1997	0403		C	A 19	96-2	2309	40	1996	0926					
AU	9672	458		A	1	1997	0417		A	U 19	96-7	2458		1996	0926					
AU	7212	45		B	2	2000	0629													
EP	8524	90		A:	2	1998	0715		E	P 19	96-9	3389	9	1996	0926					
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,			
		IE,	FI																	
JР	1151	2712		T	2	1999	1102		J:	P 19	96-5	1360	8	1996	0926					
	2002																			
IORIT														1995						
								Ī	WO 1	996-	US15	388	W	1996	0926					
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AB New emulsion and micelle formulations are described as are complexes of these formulations with biol. active substances. The novel formulations are different from cationic lipid vectors such as cationic liposomes in

that the complexes formed between biol. active substances and the emulsion and micellar formulations of this invention are phys. stable and their transfection activity is resistant to the presence of serum. These novel formulations are disclosed to be useful in areas such as gene therapy or vaccine delivery. E.g., an emulsion with transfection ability of DNA-emulsion complexes contg. castor oil, egg phosphatidylcholine, Tween 80 and a cationic cholesterol deriv. was stable.

- IC ICM A61K009-107
- CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
- IT 2462-63-7, Dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine 9005-65-6, Tween 80

137056-72-5

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(emulsion and micellar formulations for the delivery of biol. active substances to cells)

IT 137056-72-5

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(emulsion and micellar formulations for the delivery of biol. active substances to cells)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L27 ANSWER 26 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:716309 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:339076

TITLE: Use of a cationic amphipathic compound as a

transfection agent, vaccine additive or drug

INVENTOR(S):
Haensler, Jean

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pasteur Merieux Serums Et Vaccins, Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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WO 1996-FR547
                            19961017
                                                            19960411
     WO 9632102
                       A1
         W: AU, CA, JP, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
     FR 2732895
                      A1
                            19961018
                                           FR 1995-4615
                                                            19950411
                            19970516
     FR 2732895
                       В1
                                           CA 1996-2192597 19960411
     CA 2192597
                      AA
                            19961017
     AU 9656517
                            19961030
                                           AU 1996-56517
                                                            19960411
                      Α1
     AU 704369
                            19990422
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                     Т2
                                           JP 1996-530772
                                                            19960411
     JP 10501822
                            19980217
                                           AT 1996-913569
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     AT 223716
                       Ε
                            20020915
                                           EP 2002-14143
                                                            19960411
     EP 1245249
                       A2
                            20021002
     EP 1245249
                      A3
                            20021211
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI
     US 6124270
                            20000926
                                           US 1997-750503 19970303
                      Α
                                                        A 19950411
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        FR 1995-4615
                                        EP 1996-913569
                                                         A3 19960411
                                        WO 1996-FR547
                                                         W 19960411
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                       MARPAT 125:339076
```

Ι

A cationic amphipathic compd. [I, A = single bond, an NHR', NHCOR' (R'= a straight or branched, optionally substituted, satd. or unsatd. C1-22 aliph. chain optionally interrupted by one or more O, S or N heteroatoms and one or more satd., unsatd. or arom. carbocyclic or heterocyclic radicals); R1, R2 and R3 = higher acyl or alkyl grouping; R7, R8 and R9= (CH2)n alkylene radical (1.ltoreq.n.ltoreq.6); R4, R5, R6 = H, substituted C1-22 alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or acyl radical optionally interrupted by one or more heteroatoms selected from O, S and N, or one or more satd., unsatd. or arom. carbocyclic or heterocyclic radicals, or else at least two of the groupings R4, R5 and R6, taken together with the N atom to which they are attached, form a quinolidino, piperidino, pyrrolidino or morpholino grouping, and X is a non-toxic anion] are useful as a drug, a transfection agent or an additive in a vaccine compn. Thus, 4 mg of O, O',O''-tridodecanoyl-N-(.omega.-trimethylammoniododecanoyl)-tris-(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (II) was dissolved in 50.mu.L EtOH at 42.degree., this soln. was then quickly injected through a syringe in 1770 .mu.L water followed by refrigeration to obtain a liposomal suspension. To the above liposomal suspension was added 230 .mu.L grippe vaccine which contained 220 .mu.g hemagglutinin HA/mL and the mixt. thus obtained was divided in 10 doses of 200 .mu.L contg. 5 .mu.g hemagglutinin HA and 400 .mu.g II. Strong adjuvant activity of the liposomal compn. is shown in immunized

guinea pigs.

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

ST cationic amphipathic compd transfection agent **vaccine**; alkyl quaternary ammonium **adjuvant vaccine**

IT Transformation, genetic

Vaccines

(use of cationic amphipathic compd. as transfection agent, vaccine additive or drug)

IT Deoxyribonucleic acids

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (use of cationic amphipathic compd. as transfection agent, vaccine additive or drug)

IT Immunostimulants

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (adjuvants, use of cationic amphipathic compd. as transfection agent, vaccine additive or drug)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(liposomes, use of cationic amphipathic compd. as transfection agent, vaccine additive or drug)

IT 2462-63-7 88932-06-3 88932-07-4 88932-08-5 88932-09-6 88932-10-9 **137056-72-5** 183615-21-6

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (use of cationic amphipathic compd. as transfection agent, vaccine additive or drug)

IT 137056-72-5

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (use of cationic amphipathic compd. as transfection agent, vaccine additive or drug)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 CHMe2

Me R H

Me

L27 ANSWER 27 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:437984 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

125:96041

TITLE:

Adjuvant for vaccines comprising a

sterol-derived lipophilic group bound to a cationic

aroup

INVENTOR(S):

Haensler, Jean; Trannoy, Emmanuelle; Ronco, Jorge

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pasteur Merieux Serums et Vaccins, Fr.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

CODEN: PIXXD2

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

		CENT 1																
					A1 19960523							 995-F			1995	1114		
		W:	AL,	AM,	ΑU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN	, CZ,	EE,	FI,	GE,	HU,	IS,	JP,
			KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LV	, MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MX,	NO,	NΖ,
			PL,	RO,	RU,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	TM,	TT	, UA,	US,	UZ,	VN			
		RW:	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	AT,	BE,	CH	, DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,
			IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF	, CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	MR,
			NE,	SN,	TD,	TG												
	FR	2726	764		A.	1	1996	0515		F	'R 1	994-1	3606		1994	1114		
	FR	2726	764		B	1	1997	0131										
	CA	2205	022		A	Ą	1996	0523		(A 1	995-2	2050	22	1995	1114		
	ΑU	9641	802		A.	1	1996	0606		I	U 1	996-4	1802		1995	1114		
	ΑU	7061	31		B	2	1999	0610										
	ΕP	7934	84		A.	1	1997	0910		F	P 1	995-9	4030	9	1995	1114		
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, IE,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	PT,	SE
	CN	1168	629		Α		1997	1224		C	N 1	995-1	9660	1.	1995	1114		
	CN	1096	851		В		2002	1225										
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									Y	<i>a</i> ∩ 1	995	_ ED 1.4	9.5	TaT	1005	1111		

- WO 1995-FR1495 W 19951114 An amphipathic compd. including a sterol-derived lipophilic grouping bound AΒ to a cationic grouping for use as an adjuvant in the delivery of a vaccine compn. In a particular embodiment, the lipophilic grouping is a cholesterol deriv. and the cations grouping is a quaternary ammonium or a protonable amine. A vaccine compn. including one or more antigens with at least one amphipathic compd. having a sterol-derived lipophilic grouping bound to a cationic grouping, is also disclosed. A soln. of 2.25 g cholesteryl chloroformate in 5 mL chloroform was stirred with a soln. of 2 mL N, N-dimethylethylenediamine in 3 mL chloroform at 0.degree. followed by evapn. of the solvent and the purifn. of 3.beta.-[N-(N'N'-dimthylaminoethane)-carbamoyl]-cholesterol (I) by recrystn. Thus, 300 mg I was dissolved in 100 .mu.L ethanol and 75 .mu.L of this soln was injected to 3 mL of water at 45.degree. and stirred for 5 min. The micellar suspension thus obtained was mixed with 200 .mu.L of a monovalent influenza vaccine and divided in 0.3 mL doses. The immunol. response of guinea pigs to the above vaccine was studied.
- TC ICM A61K009-127
- ICS A61K047-28; A61K039-39
- CC 63-3 (Pharmaceuticals)
- vaccine adjuvant sterol quaternary ammonium deriv; ST cholesterol carbamoyl deriv adjuvant influenza

vaccine

ΙT Lipids, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (adjuvant for vaccines comprising sterol-derived lipophilic group bound to cationic group)

IT Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(conjugates with sterols; adjuvant for vaccines

comprising sterol-derived lipophilic group bound to cationic group)

IT Virus, animal

(influenza, adjuvant for vaccines

comprising sterol-derived lipophilic group bound to cationic group)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(liposomes, adjuvant for vaccines comprising

sterol-derived lipophilic group bound to cationic group)

IT 108-00-9, N,N-Dimethylethylenediamine 7144-08-3, Cholesteryl chloroformate

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(adjuvant for vaccines comprising sterol-derived

lipophilic group bound to cationic group)

IT 137056-72-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(adjuvant for vaccines comprising sterol-derived

lipophilic group bound to cationic group)

IT 2462-63-7 10015-85-7, Dioleoyl phosphatidylcholine 123628-75-1

144108-36-1 **154440-71-8 178823-15-9**

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(adjuvant for vaccines comprising sterol-derived

lipophilic group bound to cationic group)

IT 137056-72-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(adjuvant for vaccines comprising sterol-derived

lipophilic group bound to cationic group)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 $(CHMe_2)_3$ $(CHMe_2)_3$ $(CHMe_2)_4$ $(CH_2)_4$ $(CH_2)_4$

IT 154440-71-8 178823-15-9

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(adjuvant for vaccines comprising sterol-derived

lipophilic group bound to cationic group)

RN 154440-71-8 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, ester with 2-(carboxyamino)-N,N,Ntrimethylethanaminium iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH2)3 CHMe2 Me
$$_{\rm R}$$
 H $_{\rm R}$ R $_{\rm R}$ $_{\rm R$

● T~

RN 178823-15-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[imino(1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.-[[[(3.beta.)-cholest-5-en-3-yl]oxy]carbonyl]-.omega.-amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 28 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:260263 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

122:29689

TITLE:

Induction of alloreactive cytotoxic T lymphocytes by intra-splenic immunization with allogeneic class I major histocompatibility complex DNA and DC-chol

cationic liposomes

AUTHOR(S):

Hui, Kam M.; Sabapathy, Tr. Kanaga; Oei, Audrey A.;

Singhal, Arun; Huang, Leaf

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute of Molecular and Cell Biology, National University of Singapore, Singapore, 0511, Singapore

Journal of Liposome Research (1994), 4(3), 1075-90

CODEN: JLREE7; ISSN: 0898-2104

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

AB A simple strategy for designing a cancer immunotherapeutic system involves

modification of tumor cells from tumor-bearing animals in vivo in such a way that the host can evoke a specific immune response against them. We have expressed allogeneic class I major histocompatibility complex (MHC) mols. on tumor cells, through ex vivo DNA-mediated gene transfer. These mols. are potent immuno-modulators for the stimulation of strong immune reactions against certain malignancies. In order to achieve efficient gene delivery to tumor cells in vivo, we have compared the efficiencies of gene transfer into mammalian tumor cells by the biolistic particle delivery system and cationic liposomes. In this report, we have demonstrated that cationic liposomes prepd. by DC-chol and DOPE gives the best efficiency of transfection for tumor cells in vivo. We also showed that a strong anti-H-2Kb allo-reactive cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) response could be generated following in vivo immunization of AKR/J mouse spleens with the H-2Kb gene and DC-chol cationic liposomes. The direct immunization of mouse spleens to induce cell-mediated immunity against exogenous antigens may allow alternative treatment strategies for cancer immunotherapy.

CC 15-8 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

ST cytotoxic T lymphocyte tumor H2Kb antigen; liposome H2Kb antigen tumor

IT Liposome

(cationic; cytotoxic T lymphocyte response to tumor cells by vaccination with H-2Kb DNA and DC-chol cationic liposomes)

IT Neoplasm

Vaccines

(cytotoxic T lymphocyte response to tumor cells by ${\bf vaccination}$ with H-2Kb DNA and DC-chol cationic liposomes)

IT Gene, animal

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(for H-2Kb antigen; cytotoxic T lymphocyte response to tumor cells by vaccination with H-2Kb DNA and DC-chol cationic liposomes)

IT Histocompatibility antigens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(H-2Kb, gene for; cytotoxic T lymphocyte response to tumor cells by vaccination with H-2Kb DNA and DC-chol cationic liposomes)

IT Lymphocyte

(T-cell, cytotoxic, cytotoxic T lymphocyte response to tumor cells by vaccination with H-2Kb DNA and DC-chol cationic liposomes)

IT 137056-72-5

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cytotoxic T lymphocyte response to tumor cells by **vaccination** with H-2Kb DNA and DC-chol cationic liposomes)

IT 137056-72-5

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cytotoxic T lymphocyte response to tumor cells by **vaccination** with H-2Kb DNA and DC-chol cationic liposomes)

RN 137056-72-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, [2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]carbamate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Page 58